

1.) Consider the multiple regression of  $y$  on  $K$  variables,  $x$ , and an additional variable,  $z$ . Prove that the true variance of the least squares estimator of the coefficients of  $x$  can be larger when  $z$  is included in the regression than when it is not.

2.) Consider the least squares regression of  $y$  on  $x$ . Consider an alternative set of regressors,  $z = xP$ , where  $P$  is a nonsingular matrix. Thus, each column of  $z$  is a mixture of some of the columns of  $x$ . Prove that the residual vectors in the regressions of  $y$  on  $x$  and  $y$  on  $z$  are identical. What relevance does this have to the question of changing the fit of a regression by changing the units of measurement of the independent variables?

3.) Let the regression equation be partitioned as

$$y = x_1\beta_1 + x_2\beta_2 + \epsilon.$$

Let  $b_1$  and  $b_2$  be the usual least squares estimators. Suppose that  $E(\epsilon) = x_1\gamma$ , that is, the mean vector of the disturbances is a linear combination of some of the regressors. Prove that  $b_1$  is biased but  $b_2$  is not.

4.) Consider an alternative setup for the regression equation where the right-hand side regressors are expressed in deviation form, that is,  $X = [i X_*]$ , where  $X_*$  is the  $n \times (k-1)$  matrix of deviations. Show that when  $y$  is regressed on  $X$  the LS vector is

$$b = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{Y} \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $b_2$  is the  $(k-1)$  element vector,

$$b_2 = (X_*'X_*)^{-1}X_*'y = (X_*'X_*)^{-1}X_*'y.$$

5. Consider the model  $Y = X\beta + u$  which satisfies all the assumptions of the classical linear regression model.

(a) Let  $X$  be partitioned as  $X = [X_1 \ X_2]$  and

$$X'X = \begin{bmatrix} X_1'X_1 & 0 \\ 0 & X_2'X_2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

i) Find  $b_1, b_2$  — the OLS estimators of  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$ .

ii) Regress  $Y$  on  $X_1$  only. Let the OLS estimator of  $\beta_1$  be  $\tilde{b}_1$  and OLS residuals be  $\tilde{e}$ . Now regress  $\tilde{e}$  on  $X_2$  to find estimator of  $\beta_2$ ,  $\tilde{b}_2$ .

Show that  $\tilde{b}_1 = b_1$  and  $\tilde{b}_2 = b_2$ . Comment on this result.

(b) Consider the following method of selecting the appropriate  $X$  variables in your regression. You are regressing  $Y$  on each of the independent variables separately.

(c) When can you expect the parameter estimates of these separate regressions to be the same as that of the multiple regression (i.e.,  $Y$  on  $X_1, \dots, X_k$ )?

(d) Let  $b_n$  denotes the OLS estimator of  $\beta$  based on  $n$  observations and  $b_{n+1}$  is the one with  $(n+1)$  observations. Show that  $V(b_{n+1}) - V(b_n)$  is NSd.

[Hint: If  $A - B$  is psd then  $A^{-1} - B^{-1}$  is NSd].